

# 話し言葉と書き言葉における 動詞受身形の使用実態

2種類のコーパスの調査から

古賀悠太郎

## ◆要旨

**本**稿では、日本語の受身文（動詞受身形）について、2種類のコーパスを使用して話し言葉と書き言葉における使用実態の異同を調査し、以下の点が明らかになった。

①話し言葉では受影型動詞受身形が、書き言葉では降格型動詞受身形が最も多く出現する、②動詞受身形は話し言葉では連用節末に、書き言葉では連体節末に多く出現する、③話し言葉でも書き言葉でも「言う」が最も受身形で出現する。そして、話し言葉では受影型でしか使用されない動詞が、書き言葉では基本的に降格型で使用される動詞が受身形で上位に出現する。

また、これらのデータが日本語学研究や日本語教育に対してどのような意義を有するのかについても考察した。

## ◆キーワード

動詞受身形、話し言葉と書き言葉、受身の類型、出現位置、結びつきやすい動詞

## ◆ABSTRACT

This study examined differences in using passive sentences (passive verb forms) in spoken and written Japanese based on a survey on two types of corpus. The results indicated that (1) affective-type passive verb forms often appear in spoken Japanese, and demotion-type passive verb forms most often appear in written Japanese, (2) passive verb forms often appear at the end of continuous clauses in spoken language, whereas they often appear at the end of attributive clauses in written Japanese, (3) "Iu (say)" most often appear in the passive form in spoken and written Japanese. The passive form is often observed in verbs only used in the affective style in spoken Japanese and verbs that are generally used in the demotion style in written Japanese. We have discussed the significance of these findings for Japanese language studies and education.

## ◆KEY WORDS

passive verb forms, spoken and written language, types of passive, appearance position, verbs tend to be connected

Using Passive Verb Forms  
in Spoken and Written Language  
Based on the Survey of Two Types of Corpus  
YUTARO KOGA